

## SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Second Regular Session

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## Senate Bill No. 2686

(In substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 358, 818, 1234, 2144, 2638, taking into consideration Y:

Senate Bill Nos. 53, 1091 and 1467)

Prepared Jointly by the Committees on Science and Technology; Civil Service and Government Reorganization; Constitutional Amendments and Revision of Codes; and Finance with Senators Loren B. Legarda, Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV, Joseph Victor G. Ejercito, Teofisto L. Guingona III, Sonny Angara, Miriam Defensor Santiago, Paolo Benigno "Bam" Aquino IV, Jinggoy Ejercito Estrada, Francis "Chiz" G. Escudero and Ralph G. Recto as authors

## AN ACT

CREATING THE DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY, DEFINING ITS POWERS AND FUNCTIONS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	SECTION	1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the "Department of Information
2	and Communications Technology Act of 2015".	
3	SEC. 2. I	Declaration of Policy It is hereby declared the policy of the State:
4	a.	To recognize the vital role of information and communication in nation-
5		building;
6	<b>b</b> .	To ensure the provision of a strategic, reliable, cost-efficient and citizen-
7		centric information and communications technology (ICT) infrastructure,
8		systems and resources as instruments of good governance and global
9		competitiveness;
10	c.	To ensure universal access to quality, affordable, reliable and secure ICT
11		services;
12	d.	To promote the development and widespread use of emerging ICT and foster
13		and accelerate the convergence of ICT and ICT-enabled facilities;
14	e.	To ensure the availability and accessibility of ICT services in areas not
15		adequately served by the private sector;

Т	Į.	To loster an ici sector poncy environment that win promote a broad
2		market-led development of the ICT and ICT-enabled services (ICT-ES)
3		sectors, a level playing field, partnership between the public and private
4		sectors, strategic alliance with foreign investors and balanced investments
5		between high-growth and economically-depressed areas;
6	g.	To promote and assist the development of local ICT content, applications
7		and services which may include support for ICT-based start-up enterprises
8		through strategic partnerships;
9	h.	To promote the use of ICT for the enhancement of key public services, such
10		as education, public health and safety, revenue generation, and socio-civic
11		purposes;
12	i.	To encourage the use of ICT for the development and promotion of the
13		country's arts and culture, tourism and national identity;
14	j.	To promote digital literacy, ICT expertise, and knowledge-building among
15		citizens to enable them to participate and compete in an evolving ICT age;
16	k.	To empower, through the use of ICT, the disadvantaged segments of the
17		population, including the elderly, persons with disabilities and indigenous
18		and minority groups;
19	1.	To ensure the rights of individuals to privacy and confidentiality of their
20		personal information;
21	m	. To ensure the security of critical ICT infrastructures including information
22		assets of the government, individuals and businesses; and
23	n.	To provide oversight over agencies governing and regulating the ICT sector
24		and ensure consumer protection and welfare, data privacy and security,
25		foster competition and the growth of the ICT sector.
26	SEC. 3.	. Definition of Terms As used in this Act, the following terms are defined as
27	follows:	
28	· a.	. "Information and Communications Technology" or "ICT" shall mean the
29		totality of electronic means to access, create, collect, store, process, receive,
30		transmit, present and disseminate information;
31	b	. "Convergence" shall mean the interface between and among various
32		telephony, radio, video, broadcasting and multimedia infrastructure, devices
33		and services, enabling users or subscribers thereof to communicate with one
34		another;

- c. "Electronic Government" or "E-Government" shall mean the use of ICT by the government and the public to enhance the access to and delivery of government services to bring about efficient, responsive, ethical, accountable and transparent government service;
- d. "E-Government Fund" refers to the fund allocated under the General Appropriations Act that shall be used to finance strategic and citizen-centric ICT projects of the government;
- e. "ICT Sector" shall mean those engaged in providing goods and services primarily intended to fulfill or enable the function of information processing and communication by electronic means. The ICT sector includes telecommunications and broadcast information operators, ICT equipment manufacturers, multimedia content developers and providers, ICT solution providers, internet service providers, ICT training institutions, software developers and ICT-ES providers;
- f. "ICT-Enabled Services" or "ICT-ES Sector" shall mean those engaged in providing services that require the intrinsic use of ICTs including engineering or architectural design, informatics service providers, offshoring and outsourcing service providers such as call centers, back office processing, software development, medical or legal transcription, animation, game development, and other services that require the intrinsic use of a networked information infrastructure; and
- g. "Chief Information Officer" or "CIO" shall mean a senior officer in a national government agency responsible for the development and management of the agency's ICT systems and applications.
- SEC. 4. Creation of the Department of Information and Communications Technology (DICT). There is hereby created the Department of Information and Communications Technology, hereinafter referred to as the Department.
- SEC. 5. Mandate. The Department shall be the primary policy, planning, coordinating, implementing, and administrative entity of the executive branch of the Government that will plan, develop, and promote the national ICT development agenda.
- **SEC. 6.** Powers and Functions. The Department shall exercise the following powers and functions:
  - I. Policy and Planning

a. Formulate, recommend and implement national policies, plans, programs 1 and guidelines that will promote the development and use of ICT with due 2 consideration to the advantages of convergence and emerging technologies; 3 b. Formulate policies and initiatives, in coordination with the Department of 4 5 Education (DepEd), Commission on Higher Education (CHED), and Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA), to 6 develop and promote ICT in education consistent with the national goals and 7 objectives, and responsive to the human resource needs of the ICT and ICT-8 ES sectors; 9 c. Provide an integrated framework in order to optimize all government ICT 10 resources and networks for the identification and prioritization of all e-11 government systems and applications as provided for in the E-Government 12 Masterplan and the Philippine Development Plan (PDP); 13 II. Improved Public Access 14 d. Prescribe rules and regulations for the establishment, operation and 15 maintenance of ICT infrastructures in unserved and underserved areas, in 16 consultation with the local government units (LGUs), civil society 17 organizations (CSOs), private sector, and the academe; 18 e. Establish a free internet service that can be accessed in government offices 19 and public areas using the most cost-effective telecommunications 20 technology, through partnership with private service providers as may be 21 necessary; 22 Resource-Sharing and Capacity-Building III. 23 f. Harmonize and coordinate all national ICT plans and initiatives to ensure 24 knowledge, information and resource-sharing, database-building and agency 25 networking linkages among government agencies, consistent with e-26 government objectives in particular, and national objectives in general; 27 g. Ensure the development and protection of an integrated government ICT 28 infrastructures and designs, taking into consideration the inventory of 29 existing manpower, plans, programs, software, hardware, and installed 30

systems;

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h. Assist and provide technical expertise to government agencies in the development of guidelines in the enforcement and administration of laws, standards, rules, and regulations governing ICT;

1	i.	Assess, review and support ICT research and development programs of the
2		government in coordination with the Department of Science and Technology
3		(DOST) and other institutions concerned;
4	j.	Prescribe the personnel qualifications and other qualification standards
5		essential to the effective development and operation of government ICT
6		infrastructures and systems;
7	k.	Develop programs that would enhance the career advancement opportunities
8		of ICT workers in government;
9	1.	Assist in the dissemination of vital information essential to disaster risk
LO	•	reduction through the use of ICT;
l <b>1</b>	m	Represent and negotiate for Philippine interest on matters pertaining to ICT
<b>L</b> 2		in international bodies, in coordination with the Department of Foreign
13		Affairs (DFA) and other institutions concerned;
14	IV. Co	onsumer Protection and Industry Development
15	n.	Ensure and protect the rights and welfare of consumers and business users to
16		privacy, security and confidentiality in matters relating to ICT, in
17		coordination with agencies concerned, the private sector and relevant
18		international bodies;
19	о.	Coordinate with agencies concerned in the promotion of trade and
20		investment opportunities in the ICT and ICT-ES sectors;
21	p.	Establish guidelines for public-private partnerships in the implementation of
22		ICT projects for government agencies; and
23	$\mathbf{q}$	Promote strategic partnerships and alliances between and among local and
24		international ICT, research and development, educational and training
25		institutions, to speed up industry growth and enhance competitiveness of
26		Philippine workers, firms, and small and medium enterprises in the global
27		markets for ICT and ICT-ES.
28	SEC. 7	7. Composition The Department shall be headed by a Secretary. The
29	Department pr	roper shall be composed of the Office of the Secretary, the Offices of the
30	Undersecretaries and the Assistant Secretaries.	
31	SEC. 8	Secretary of Information and Communications Technology The Secretary
32	shall be appo	pinted by the President, subject to confirmation by the Commission on

Appointments. The Secretary shall have the following functions:

a. Provide executive direction and supervision over the entire operations of the 1 Department and its attached agencies; 2 b. Establish policies and standards for the effective, efficient and economical 3 4 operation of the Department, in accordance with the programs of government; c. Review and approve requests for financial and manpower resources of all 5 operating offices of the Department: 6 d. Designate and appoint officers and employees of the Department, excluding 7 the Undersecretaries, Assistant Secretaries, and Regional and Assistant 8 Regional Directors, in accordance with the Civil Service laws, rules and 9 regulations; 10 e. Exercise disciplinary powers over officers and employees of the Department 11 in accordance with law, including their investigation and the designation of a 12 committee or officer to conduct such investigation; 13 f. Coordinate with LGUs, other agencies and public and private interest groups, 14 including non-government organizations (NGOs) and people's organizations 15 (POs) on Department policies and initiatives; 16 g. Prepare and submit to the President through the Department of Budget and 17 Management (DBM) an estimate of the necessary expenditures of the 18 Department during the next fiscal year, on the basis of the reports and 19 estimates submitted by bureaus and offices under him/her; 20 h. Serve as a member of the Government Procurement Policy Board (GPPB) as 21 established by Republic Act No. 9184; 22 i. Advise the President on the promulgation of executive and administrative 23 orders and formulation of regulatory and legislative proposals on matters 24 pertaining to ICT development; 25 j. Formulate such rules and regulations and exercise such other powers as may 26 be required to implement the objectives of this Act; and 27 k. Perform such other tasks as may be provided by law or assigned by the 28 President. 29 SEC. 9. Undersecretaries. - The Secretary shall be assisted by three (3) 30 undersecretaries, who shall be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the 31

Secretary: Provided, That two (2) of the undersecretaries shall be career officers.

SEC. 10. Assistant Secretaries. – The Secretary shall be assisted by four (4) assistant

secretaries who shall be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the

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- 1 Secretary: Provided, That two (2) of the Assistant Secretaries shall be career officers:
- 2 Provided, further, That at least one (1) of the Assistant Secretaries shall be a licensed
- 3 Professional Electronics Engineer (PECE).
- 4 SEC. 11. Qualifications. No person shall be appointed Secretary, Undersecretary, or
- 5 Assistant Secretary of the Department unless he or she is a citizen and resident of the
- 6 Philippines, of good moral character, of proven integrity and with at least seven (7) years of
- 7 competence and expertise in any of the following: information and communications
- 8 technology, information technology service management, information security management,
- 9 cybersecurity, data privacy, e-commerce, or human capital development in the ICT sector.
- 10 SEC. 12. Regional Offices. The Department may establish, operate, and maintain a
- 11 Regional Office in the different administrative regions of the country as the need arises. Each
- regional office shall be headed by a Regional Director, who may be assisted by one (1)
- 13 Assistant Regional Director. The Regional Director and Assistant Regional Director shall be
- 14 appointed by the President. The Regional Offices shall have, within their respective
- administrative regions, the following functions:

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- a. Implement laws, policies, plans, programs, projects, rules and regulations of the Department;
  - b. Provide efficient and effective service to the people;
  - c. Coordinate with regional offices of other departments, offices, and agencies;
- d. Coordinate with LGUs; and
- e. Perform such other functions as may be provided by law or assigned by the Secretary.
  - SEC. 13. Chief Information Officer (CIO) Council. The Department shall facilitate the creation of the CIO Council, which shall consist of CIOs of national government agencies (NGAs), with the Secretary serving as the Chairman, to assist the Department in the implementation of government ICT initiatives.
  - SEC. 14. Sectoral and Industry Task Forces. The Department may create sectoral and industry task forces, technical working groups, advisory bodies or committees for the furtherance of its objectives. Additional private sector representatives, such as from the academe, CSOs, and federation of private industries directly involved in ICT, as well as representatives of other NGAs, LGUs and government-owned and -controlled corporations (GOCCs), may be appointed to these working groups. Government IT professionals may also be tapped to partake in the work of the Department through these working groups.

1	SEC. 15. E-Government Fund The Department shall prescribe the criteria and	
2	guidelines, in coordination with the DBM and the National Economic Development	
3	Authority (NEDA), for the disbursement and management of the E-Government Fund,	
4	including the monitoring and evaluation of projects funded therein: Provided, That the E-	
5	Government Fund shall be used to support and co-finance projects that enable the	
6	government to expand its ability to conduct activities electronically and provide frontline	
7	services through the development and implementation of innovative uses of the Internet or	
8	other emerging technologies: Provided, further, That internal ICT systems meant to support	
9	the ICT operations of an agency shall be charged against its own budgetary allocation.	
0	SEC. 16. Transfer of Agencies and Personnel. –	
1	a. The following agencies are hereby abolished, and their powers and functions,	
<b>L</b> 2	applicable funds and appropriations, records, equipment, property, and	
l3	personnel transferred to the Department:	
L4	1. Information and Communications Technology Office (ICTO);	
<b>L</b> 5	2. National Computer Center (NCC);	
16	3. National Computer Institute (NCI);	
17	4. Telecommunications Office (TELOF);	
18	5. National Telecommunications Training Institute (NTTI); and	
19	6. All operating units of the Department of Transportation and	
20	Communications (DOTC) with functions and responsibilities dealing	
21	with communications.	
22	All offices, services, divisions, units and personnel not otherwise covered by this Act	
23	for transfer to the Department shall be retained under the DOTC, which is hereby renamed	
24	the Department of Transportation.	
25	b. The following agencies are hereby attached to the Department for policy and	
26	program coordination, and shall continue to operate and function in	
27	accordance with the charters, laws or orders creating them, insofar as they are	
28	not inconsistent with this Act:	
29	1. National Telecommunications Commission;	
30	2. National Privacy Commission; and	
31	3. Cybercrime Investigation and Coordination Center (CICC).	
32	i. All powers and functions related to cybersecurity including but	
33	not limited to the formulation of the national cybersecurity	
34	plan, establishment of the national computer emergency	

l	response team, and the facilitation of international cooperation
2	on intelligence regarding cybersecurity matters are transferred
3	to the Department; and

- ii. The CICC shall be chaired by the DICT Secretary.
- c. The laws and rules on government reorganization as provided for in Republic Act No. 6656, otherwise known as the Reorganization Law, shall govern the reorganization process of the Department.

SEC. 17. Separation and Retirement from Service. – Employees who are separated from service within six (6) months from the effectivity of this Act as a result of the consolidation and/or reorganization under the provisions of this Act shall receive separation benefits to which they may be entitled under Executive Order No. 366, s. 2004: Provided, That those who are qualified to retire under existing retirement laws shall be allowed to retire and receive retirement benefits to which they may be entitled under applicable laws and issuances.

SEC. 18. Structure and Staffing Pattern. – Subject to the approval of the DBM, the Department shall determine its organizational structure and create new divisions or units as it may deem necessary, and shall appoint officers and employees of the Department in accordance with the Civil Service law, rules, and regulations.

SEC. 19. Magna Carta. – Qualified employees of the Department and its attached agencies shall be covered by Republic Act No. 8439, which provides a magna carta for scientists, engineers, researchers and other science and technology personnel in the government.

SEC. 20. Transition Period. – The transfer of functions, assets, funds, equipment, properties, transactions, and personnel of the affected agencies, and the formulation of the internal organic structure, staffing pattern, operating system, and revised budget of the Department, shall be completed within six (6) months from the effectivity of this Act, during which time, the existing personnel shall continue to assume their posts in holdover capacities until new appointments are issued: *Provided*, That after the abolition of the agencies as specified in Section 16(a) of this Act, the Department, in coordination with the DBM, shall determine and create new positions, the funding requirements of which shall not exceed the equivalent cost of positions abolished.

SEC. 21. Appropriation. – The amount needed for the initial implementation of this Act shall be taken from the current fiscal year's appropriation of the ICTO and all agencies herein absorbed by or attached to the Department. Thereafter, the amount needed for the

- operation and maintenance of the Department shall be included in the General Appropriations
- 2 Act.
- 3 SEC. 22. Implementing Rules and Regulations. The ICTO, DBM, Civil Service
- 4 Commission, and other government agencies concerned shall issue within sixty (60) days
- 5 from the effectivity of this Act, the necessary rules and regulations for the effective
- 6 implementation of this Act.
- 7 SEC. 23. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act shall be declared
- 8 unconstitutional or invalid, the other provisions not otherwise affected shall remain in full
- 9 force and effect.
- 10 SEC. 24. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and
- 11 regulations and other issuances or parts thereof which are inconsistent with this Act are
- 12 hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.
- SEC. 25. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days from its
- publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,